

MILKMAID  
RICH  
THICK  
CREAM.  
SIMPLY PURE CREAM

# The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

MILKMAID  
STERILIZED  
NATURAL  
MILK  
IT'S PURE

No. 16,023.

號一十月九年四十一百九千一第

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1914.

號甲庚年三國民華中

PRIOE. \$8.00 Per Month

## THORNE'S

No. 4  
OLD VAT  
SCOTCH  
WHISKY.

As supplied to the House  
of Lords and House of Com-  
mons.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS  
ALEXANDRA BUILDING, Hongkong.

FEVER CURED BY RED HERRING.

Action Against British Medical  
Association.

A mixture which is claimed to be a  
cure for consumption, and which contains  
two mysterious ingredients—muskadee  
and cinquefoil—obtained from South African  
natives, was discussed in the King's  
Bench Division recently.

Mr. Charles Henry Stevens, of Wim-  
bledon, the inventor of this mixture known  
as "Stevens' Consumption Cure," claimed  
damages for alleged libel against the  
British Medical Association, because of  
statements contained in a pamphlet headed  
"Consumption Cures" in a book entitled  
"Secret Remedies: What they Cost and  
What they Contain." The defendant  
pleaded justification, and that the state-  
ments were true and fair comment on a  
matter of public interest.

THE OPINION OF CONSUMPTIVES.  
Mr. Stevens, who conducted his own  
cure, brought into court two large sacks  
containing muskadee and cinquefoil. He  
read the chapter containing the alleged  
libel, and among the statements it con-  
tained were these:

"It is often that the most extravagant  
and emphatic claims are made. The  
makers and the advertisement writers  
they employ are untrammelled by any  
necessity of ascertaining the truth of the  
statements with the real properties of the thing to  
be recommended, and having set out  
consciously and deliberately to deceive,  
they are unable to give their whole atten-  
tion to telling the most effective stories  
in the most plausible manner."

"The sale of another preparation known  
as a cure for consumption, Stevens' Con-  
sumption Cure, is conducted in a very  
singular way, but this time the herbs are  
said to be African, and the odd names  
they bear certainly make a favour flavour."

Although Mr. Stevens is so conspicuously  
candid about his rivals, he follows the  
plan of sending one letter after another  
to any sufferer whose name he may have  
obtained.

Mr. Stevens said he claimed to have  
discovered a positive cure for consump-  
tion, which gave him a new lease of life  
seventeen years ago after being sent to  
South Africa. The alleged libel contain-  
ing statements which charged him with  
being a swindler of the worst type, and  
with holding upon the public a con-  
stellation which he knew to be absolutely  
worthless. He called upon the defend-  
ants to prove the truth of the alleged  
libel.

Mr. Cohen, K.C., for the defendants,  
said that when a "fanciful" plaintiff  
appealed to the public by advertisements  
it became a matter of public interest,  
and his clients said that so far as the  
facts stated by them were concerned they  
were true, and so far as they were com-  
ments they were fair comment on the  
public interest. One of the great pecu-  
liarities about consumption was that those  
who suffered from it were very hopeful  
of recovery, and they therefore very  
easily became victims of persuasive per-  
sons, who set before them cases in which  
recovery had taken place after a remedy  
had been used, although it may have  
had nothing whatever to do with the  
remedy.

HOSPITAL PATIENT'S "FANCY."  
Counsel illustrated his point by the  
story of a man who was seriously ill in  
a hospital with typhoid fever. He  
"fancied" a red herring. The doctor  
said, "Let him have it," and the man  
recovered. A student who was taking  
an interest in the case entered in his  
book, "Red herring good for typhoid  
fever." (Laughter). Some time after-  
wards the student went to France and  
gave a red herring to a typhoid fever  
patient. But that man died, and the  
student wrote in his book, "Red herring  
cures typhoid in England but not in  
France." (Laughter). There was no  
doubt, he continued, that the stuff ad-  
vertised by the plaintiff was a good cough  
mixture, but to advertise it as an absolute  
cure for the great white plague was a  
total exaggeration and misrepresentation.

Counsel added that the advertisements  
contained "clever little touches," and  
were made on purpose to try and create  
an interest in the suffering public that  
it was a fair and reasonable remedy, and that  
the plaintiff was not at liberty to do  
anything to try and rectify it.

After a time counsel concluded  
by saying that the plaintiff professed to cure  
a disease which he must know he could  
not always cure.

The hearing was adjourned.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.



MILKMAID  
STERILIZED  
NATURAL  
MILK.

A fresh Consignment of this Milk  
is expected to arrive about the middle of  
September, when it will be on Sale at  
all Stores.

## NEW SHIPMENT

Government guaranteed 1st Grade Butter.  
Packed specially in Australia for us. Absolutely  
Best Imported. None Better quality made.  
75 cents per lb.

FOR THE BEST OF EVERYTHING PROCURABLE IN ANY 1st CLASS  
RESTAURANT IN THE EAST TRY THEM

ALEXANDRA CAFE

## "MUMEYA"

"While-you-wait" Photography  
JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH  
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH  
IN AN HOUR.

"Special terms 30% reduction for Volunteers  
and all men in uniform."  
No. 8, Queen's Road Central.  
TELE. No. 254.

## HOTELS

KINGSCLERE HOTEL,  
HONGKONG.

UNRIVALLED position in the Hill  
district, overlooking the Botanical  
Gardens and facing the Eastern  
Terrace. Modern quiet Suites with luxuriously  
fitted Bathrooms, Dressing-rooms and Electric  
Fans.  
Telephones in Bedrooms and Sitting-rooms  
throughout.  
Telephone No. 1192.  
Cable Address: "Kingsclere."  
A.B.C. Code 0th Ed.  
Hongkong, September 1, 1906.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.  
ALL ELECTRIC TRAM PASS ENTRANCE.  
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.  
European Baths and Sanitary Fixings.  
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.  
Best of Food and Service.  
Telephone 373.  
TELEGRAPH ADDRESS: "VICTORIA."  
R. H. NORTH,  
Manager.

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1840.  
IRON STEEL METAL AND HARD  
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale  
and Retail. Importers of Iron and  
Furniture, etc. Importers. General Store-  
keepers and Shipchandeliers. Nos. 35 and  
37, 112-114, 116-118, 120-122, 124-126, 128-130,  
Central Block, 132-134, 136-138, 140-142,  
Hongkong, September 4, 1913.

THE CARLTON HOTEL

Recently Renovated and Refurnished.  
Felt-Contained Suites of Apartments with Private  
Bathrooms attached. Luxuriously Furnished Lounge, Drawing, Reading  
and Writing Rooms.  
EXCELENT SANITATION.  
Under Personal Management of  
O. E. OWEN, Proprietor.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO  
& WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO  
STEAMBOAT CO. LTD. AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.  
HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.  
FRIDAY, 11th SEPTEMBER.  
8 A.M. 'HONGKONG'. 8 A.M. 'HONAM'.  
5 P.M. 'KINSHAN'. 6 P.M. 'PATSHAN'.

SATURDAY, 12th SEPTEMBER.  
8 A.M. 'HONAM'. 8 A.M. 'HONGKONG'.  
5 P.M. 'KINSHAN'. 6 P.M. 'PATSHAN'.

Single Fare by Night Steamer ..... \$ 6.00  
Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by Day Steamer) 10.00  
Single Fare by Day Steamer ..... 4.00  
Return Fare by Day Steamer ..... 8.00  
The attention of the travelling Public is drawn to the comfort afforded by the  
Companies' vessels. Passengers arriving by Night Steamers from Canton (due at  
Hongkong about 11 p.m.) are permitted to sleep on board till next morning without  
extra charge. Electric fans and electric light are available all night.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.  
S.S. 'SUI TAI'. S.S. 'TAISHAN'.  
HONGKONG TO MACAO.  
Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.  
Sundays at 9 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.  
MACAO TO HONGKONG.  
Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.  
SUNDAY, 13th SEPTEMBER.  
The Company's Steamship "TAISHAN,"  
will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 8 A.M.  
and return from Macao at 2 P.M.  
N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at  
7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street  
Wharf.

FARES AS USUAL.  
CANTON-MACAO LINE.  
S.S. 'HOISANG'.  
Departures from Macao: Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9 P.M.  
Departures from Canton to Macao: Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4.40 P.M.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.  
S.S. 'SAINAM', 1288 Tons, and S.S. 'NANSING', 509 Tons.  
Once a week above Steamers leave Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday  
and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the  
days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to  
Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers "LINTAN" and  
"SARU". These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted  
throughout by electricity. Electric fans in each Cabin.  
Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.  
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—  
HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO. LTD.  
HOTEL MANSIONS (First Floor).  
Opposite the Blake Pier.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL  
AND  
GRILL ROOM  
J. H. T. GART  
MANAGER

PEAK HOTEL

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.  
Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.  
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURIST HOTEL.  
Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms.  
Roof Garden.  
Terms.—From \$5 per day Mx. Telegraph Add: "Peacful".  
P. O. PRUTTER,  
Manager.

GRAND HOTEL

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, REFRESHMENTS, ACCOMMODATION  
AND CLEANLINESS.  
CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.  
ELECTRIC LIGHT & FANS THROUGHOUT.  
F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO. LD

Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

"NESTOR"  
Sanitary Fluid.

Reliable Disinfectant.  
Two table-spoonsful to a gallon of water for washing  
floors, &c., is most useful for the Destruction of Fleas.

PER PINT TIN ..... 50 CENTS  
PER GALLON TIN ..... \$2.00

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.  
32, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

MEE CHEUNG  
ART PHOTOGRAPHER.

CHILDREN'S PHOTOS

SPECIALITY.

NOTE ADDRESS  
ICE HOUSE HONGKONG

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"  
HIGHEST GRADE  
BRITISH MADE

"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the  
highest grade of authentic cocoa at present on  
the market; it fully maintains its high reputa-  
tion in food value and delicacy of flavour, and  
is second to none in any respect whatsoever."  
Medical Magazine, March, 1912

CADBURY'S  
CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes  
Specially Packed for Export

"FROM THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1906

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.

(Established 1864)

AGENTS FOR

Contrexeville Water

(Source Pavillon)

The famous cure for gout, rheumatism,  
diabetes &c.

In the treatment of these diseases  
Contrexeville is necessary in order to keep the  
blood pure.















## BY TELEGRAPH.

"The same spirit has prevailed throughout British India. Hundreds of telegrams and letters have been received by the Viceroy expressing loyalty and desire to serve the Government either in the field or by co-operation in India. Many hundreds of such communications have also been received by the various local Administrations. They come from communities and associations, religious, political, and social, of all classes and creeds, and also from individuals offering their resources or asking for the opportunity to prove their loyalty by personal service."

The following may be mentioned as typical examples:—  
The All India Muslim League, the Bengal Presidency Muslim League, the Muslim Association of Rangoon, the Trustees of the Aligarh College, Behar, the Provincial Muslim League, the Central National Mohammedan Association of Calcutta, the Khoja community and other followers of the Aga Khan, the Punjab Muslim League, the Mahomedans of Eastern Bengal, the citizens of Calcutta, Madras, Rangoon, and many other cities, the Behar Landowners' Association, the Madras Provincial Congress, the Talukdars of Oudh, the Punjab Chiefs' Association, the United Provinces Provincial Congress, the Hindus of the Punjab, Chief Khalsa Diwan, representing the Sikh community, the Bomi community of Bombay, and the Parsee community of Bombay. The Delhi Medical Association offer a Field Hospital that was sent to Turkey during the Balkan War; the Bengalee students offer their enthusiastic services for Ambulance Corps; and there were many other offers of medical aid. The Zemindars of Madras offered 500 horses.

Among other practical steps taken to assist the Government may be noted the holding of meetings to ally public, keep down the prices of commodities, and maintain public confidence and credit. Generous contributions have poured in from all quarters to the Imperial Indian Relief Fund.

The Under-Secretary for India added that in addition to the above-mentioned similar offers have been made by Chiefs who happened to be at present in Europe. The Gaekwar of Baroda and the Maharaja of Bhamburda, to mention two only, had placed the whole of the resources of their States at the disposal of His Majesty's Government. The Indian community in England, including Indian students, had made loyal offers of services.

Mr. Roberts concluded: "I feel confident that the House and the country will feel a deep appreciation of this magnificent demonstration of loyalty with which the Princes and people of India have identified themselves with the cause of the Empire." (Loud cheers.)

## KING'S MESSAGE TO COLONIES AND TO INDIA.

LONDON, Sept. 9, 4.30 p.m.

The Official Press Bureau has given out for publication the following Message sent by His Majesty the King to the self-governing Dominions:—

"During the past few weeks the peoples of my whole Empire have moved with one mind and purpose to confront and overthrow an unparalleled assault upon the continuity of Civilization and the Peace of mankind. The calamitous conflict is not of my seeking. My vision has throughout been cast on the side of peace. My Ministers earnestly strove to allay the causes of strife and to appease differences wherewith my Empire was not concerned. Had I stood aside when, in defiance of pledges which my kingdom was a party, the soil of Belgium was violated, her cities laid desolate, when the very life of the French nation was threatened with extinction, I should have sacrificed my honour and given over to destruction the liberties of my Empire and of mankind."

"I realize that every part of my Empire is with me in this decision. Paramount regard for treaty faith and the pledged word of ruler and peoples is the common heritage of Great Britain and the Empire. My peoples in the self-governing Dominions have shown beyond all doubt that they wholeheartedly endorse the grave decision which it was necessary to take. My personal knowledge of the loyalty and devotion of my Overseas Dominions had led me to expect that they would cheerfully make the great efforts and bear the great sacrifices which the present conflict entails."

"The full measure in which they have placed their services and resources at my disposal fills me with gratitude, and I am proud to be able to show to the world that my people overseas are as determined as the people of the United Kingdom to prosecute a just cause to a successful end."

"The Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia and the Dominion of New Zealand have placed at my disposal their naval forces which have already rendered good service for the Empire. Strong Expeditionary Forces are being prepared in Canada, Australia and New Zealand for service at the front, and the Union of South Africa has released all the British troops and undertaken important military responsibilities, the discharge of which will be of the utmost value to the Empire."

"Newfoundland has doubled the numbers of its branch of the Royal Naval Reserve, and is sending a body of men to take part in the operations at the front. From the Dominion and Provincial Governments of Canada large and welcome gifts of supplies are on the way for the use of both my Naval and Military Forces, and for the relief of distress in the United Kingdom which must inevitably follow in the wake of the war. All parts of my Overseas Dominions have thus demonstrated in the most unmistakable manner the fundamental unity of the Empire amidst all its diversity of situation and circumstance."

## KING'S MESSAGE TO INDIA.

In his Address to the people of India the King says:—  
"Paramount regard for treaty faith and the pledged word of ruler and peoples is the common heritage of England and my peoples. Among the many incidents that have marked the unbroken history of the populations of my Empire in defence of its unity and integrity, nothing has moved me more than the passionate devotion to me expressed both by my Indian subjects and the Fortunate Prince and Ruler of India, and their prodigious offers of their resources in the cause of the Realm. Their one voiced demand to be foremost in the conflict has touched my heart and inspired to the highest issues the love and devotion which, as I well know, have ever linked us Indian subjects and myself. I recall to mind India's gracious message to the British nation of goodwill and fellowship which greeted my return in February, 1912, after the solemn ceremony of my Coronation at Delhi, and I find in this hour of trial the full harvest and noble fulfilment of assurances given by you that the destinies of Great Britain and India are indissolubly linked."

## THE DEFENCE OF MAUBEUGE.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

The following (sent as an official telegram to H. E. the Governor) has been forwarded by the French War Office:—

Sept. 7.

The left wing of the Allied Armies has progressed practically without any opposition. On our centre in the neighbourhood of Verdun the Allied troops have met with partial successes. Round Paris advanced defence forces have been engaged in the district of the Ourcq the result of which has been favourable.

The Minister of War has addressed the following telegram to the Governor of Maubeuge:—

In the name of the Government of the Republic and the whole country I send to the heroic defenders of Maubeuge and to its valiant population an expression of my profound admiration. I know that you will not shrink from offering a prolonged resistance until the hour arrives that I am able to proclaim your deliverance. The Commander-in-Chief has mentioned the Governor of Maubeuge in his despatches for his brilliant defence."

The Anglo-French forces have taken many prisoners, including a battalion of infantry, a machine-gun company and many caissons.

## GERMANS RETIRE BEFORE THE ALLIES.

H. E. the Governor also received the following telegram:—

Following from Press Bureau of 8th. General position continues satisfactory. Allied left wing gaining ground along line of Ourcq and Petit-Morin. British troops have here driven enemy back ten miles. Fighting farther to right along the Montargis-La Ferté Macquenne line is continuing advantage further to right again enemy pressed back in direction of Rheims attempted German advance near Ligny repulsed. Second message pressure against enemy continues all along allies front British force engaged all day enemy retired after stubborn resistance now crossing north of the M. line fifth French army advanced with equal success reports more engaged sixth French army heavily engaged on Ourcq drove enemy back German army suffered severely along whole line advance regularly pushed back. Everywhere number of British casualties small in relation to nature of fighting. Result of two days operations so far very satisfactory.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## BRITISH ARMY CROSSES THE MARNE.

LONDON, Sept. 10, 4.15 a.m.

An official communiqué published in Paris at 11 o'clock last evening states that on the left wing the German attempts to break through our troops on the right bank of the Ourcq failed.

The British Army has crossed the River Marne, and the enemy retreated about 25 miles.

There is no important change in the Centre and Right Wing.

## GERMANS HURRYING REINFORCEMENTS FORWARD.

LONDON, Sept. 10, 7.5 p.m.

A force of 60,000 Germans is hurrying through Belgium to assist the defeated German Right Wing in France.

German fugitives from the battle are crowding the forest between Courtrai and Horseaux.

## BRITISH CASUALTIES.

LONDON, Sept. 11, 12.45 a.m.

The casualties of officers in the fighting on the 8th and 9th were nine killed, nine wounded and missing, 90 wounded.—(Sic.)

## SIR JOHN FRENCH'S SUMMARY OF THE FIGHTING.

LONDON, Sept. 10, 4.15 a.m.

The Gazette publishes a long despatch from Field-Marshal Sir John French, describing the proceedings in the field of the Force to the engagements on the 7th and 8th inst. It is principally a description of the battle around Mons and the subsequent retreat, and it confirms the concentration of the Germans with the intention of hemming the unsupported British Army against the forests of Maubeuge, and then surrounding it. The despatch describes the successive retreats of the British on the 24th, 25th and 26th August—when the troops fought most bravely, though exhausted, against incessant attacks—as a most difficult and dangerous operation. The most critical day was the 25th August. At daybreak they found the guns of four German Army Corps concentrated against the left of the British Second Corps and the Fourth Division. The First British Corps were unable to help, as they were incapable of movement. There was no time to entrain properly, but the troops were magnificent against terrible fire. It was apparent at 3.30 in the afternoon that retirement was essential to avoid serious loss. The retreat was effected with the greatest intrepidity. The enemy suffered too heavily to pursue energetically.

The Field-Marshal pays a special tribute to General Sir H. L. Smith-Dorrien for saving the Left Wing of the Army on the 25th August.

## AUSTRIANS RETREAT IN DISORDER.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

A Russian communiqué says:—We attacked the Austrian Army at Tomaszovo from three directions. The Austrians retreated in disorder, pursued by the Russians.

Austrian and German troops were dislodged from fortified positions near Lublin, retired southward.

## THE PRESS BUREAU WAR NEWS SERVICE.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

In the House of Commons, Mr. R. McKenna, Home Secretary, announced that at the Cabinet's request he will assume responsibility for the Official Press Bureau. Additional officers would be appointed to Field-Marshal Sir John French's staff to obtain full and prompt accounts of the operations.

## GURKHAS TO PARTICIPATE.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Lord Curzon, Secretary of State for India, has announced that the Gurkhas will participate in the campaign.

## ARMED BRITISH MERCHANTMAN WRECKED.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The Admiralty announces that the armed merchant cruiser Oceanic, was wrecked off the North Coast of Scotland, and is a total loss. All the officers and crew were saved.

(The Oceanic was a White Star liner. Built in 1899, her gross tonnage was 17,274, and her speed 21 knots.)

## JAPANESE WAR BUDGET PASSED.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The Japanese House of Peers unanimously passed the War Budget.

## DETAILS OF THE FIGHTING.

The following is a French Government Circular from Peking, Sept. 10th, 10 a.m., sent to us through the local French Consulate:—

The German right wing strongly attacked on the right bank of the Ourcq, but had to retreat north of Petit-Morin.

The Allied troops are progressing north of Somain. The Germans abandoned many prisoners, machine guns, ammunition and wagons.

Very hard fights in the centre. La Fère-Champenois, Viry-le-François have experienced an advance of the French troops and also a retreat.

At Nancy and in the Vosges the situation is "good for us."

A Havas telegram of Sept. 9th, 4.30 p.m., states that the Germans are still retiring and have crossed the Petit-Morin. The British forces are pursuing their offensive movement in the direction of Marne. The French troops are progressing at Nord Plateau, Somain where they were successful in certain parts and unsuccessful in others.

In the centre, the French have advanced generally although slowly.

The situation is good around Nancy and the Vosges where the enemy made no attempt.

A telegram from Petrograd states that there were fights all day on Sept. 8th on the Austrian front. The Austrians are retreating. Very hard fights in the region of Babachonsk. The Russian offensive movement on the left bank of the Vistula is successful.

## WAR NEWS.

## GERMAN PUBLIC OPINION.

## Many Classes Opposed to War.

While the Press as a whole practically ignores the peace meetings which are being held all over Germany by the Socialists, the chief organ of that party continues to print figures which show that opposition to the war is pretty strong among the artistic classes, telegraphed the Berlin correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" on July 30. At Dresden there were two gatherings, which are estimated to have been attended by an aggregate of 35,000 people, at Hamburg nineteen, for which no numbers are given, and at Bremen, seven, with a computed total attendance of 10,000. Other audiences at local meetings are estimated at Brunswick, 8,000; Bielefeld, 7,000; Elberfeld, 6,000; Bremen, 5,000; Lubbeck and Rostock, 3,000 each; Jena, 2,500; Nuremberg, 2,000.

This morning the desire for a peaceful end of the crisis finds somewhat more outspoken utterance in one or two Radical journals. The widely-circulated "Morgenpost" writes: "Germany, who has left no doubt as to the faithful fulfilment of her duty as a friend and ally, can, and must, demand that her Kibitzung fidelity is not misused to a point where it would become a crime against her own people, and against the peaceful possessions of humanity." The "Vorwärts" addresses the following remarkable appeal to the Emperor:—  
"Undisputed opponents of the Monarchy as we have always been, and always shall be, bitter as is the fight we have often had to make against the impulsive wearer of the Crown, we now the less admit frankly, and not for the first time, that William II., who proved himself a sincere friend of the peace of the nations. So far as it lies with human capacity and good will generally to decide as to the fate of millions in the sense of humanity and reason, the fear in the present situation need not be too great."

But even the strongest man is not inaccessible to influence. And, unfortunately, there are palpable proofs that the example of the war party is again at work with the utmost unpardonableness in the case of the German Emperor. Government and King about the peace party, the war of 1914 is a world conflagration, and the devastation of all Europe."

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## (Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

## IMPORTANT BRITISH LEGISLATION.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

Mr. Asquith will to-day make a statement concerning Parliamentary business. It is believed that the Home Rule and Welsh Disestablishment Bills will be placed on the Statute Book with a Suspensory Bill postponing their operation.

## (Wah Tze Yat Po's Service.)

## THE "KWANG TAI."

SHANGHAI, Sept. 10.

A telegram has been received from Ningpo to the effect that the China Merchants' S. N. Co.'s steamer "Kwangtai" has arrived there and is coaling.

## NEW GOVERNOR OF HUNAN AND HUPEH.

PEKING, Sept. 10.

Wa Chang Ching has been appointed to the Hunan and Hupeh Governorship.

## CHINA AND MONGOLIA.

PEKING, Sept. 10.

A Conference between China, Russia, and Mongolia has been opened at Kaichata.

## CHINA AND THE UNITED STATES.

PEKING, Sept. 10.

China and the United States are discussing the desirability of forming an Alliance.

## CHINA AND BELLIGERENTS.

PEKING, Sept. 10.

The Government has decided to adopt regulations regarding belligerent subjects travelling by train or steamship.

## A GERMAN WIRELESS EMPLOYEE.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 10.

The German wireless engineer at Woosung station has resigned.

## ADVICE TO CHINA.

PEKING, Sept. 10.

Dr. Gilbert Reid's advice to China is that they should disregard bad feeling among themselves and make China united.

## THE CALL FOR GERMAN RESERVES.

The "Landsturm" in Shanghai.

Although the order has been issued for the "Landsturm"—the fourth line of German Reserves—to prepare to leave for the front, it is not anticipated that many local German residents will have to answer the call. Close upon one hundred men were certified as being physically fit, but it is probable that only the services of skilled mechanics and electricians will be required. In any case, it seems very improbable that any portion of the "Landsturm" will be able to gain access to Tsingtao. The port is blockaded from the sea front, and it may now be reasonably expected to be cut off from ingress on the land side.—N. C. Daily News.

## JAPANESE DETAINED IN GERMANY.

Tokio, August 31.

It is understood that over fifty Japanese have been unlawfully detained in Germany. The Japanese Government is protesting through a certain Power.

## THE SIEGE OF TSINGTAO.

Big Guns Booming.

Taimo, Sept. 1.

Reuter's special correspondent spent last night at Chengyang, close to the German territory. Big guns were heard booming at Taimo occasionally, but otherwise everything was normal.

The Chinese are in no way excited and are pursuing their usual avocations. Many Chinese, questioned at Kiaochow, Chengyang and Taimo, all deny the reports of land skirmishes having taken place.—N. C. Daily News.

## ENTHUSIASM IN TOKIO.

Tokio, Aug. 31.

On the occasion of the Emperor's birthday a huge "Landsturm" procession marched to the British, French and Russian Embassies, where the Ambassadors acknowledged great nations.

The crowds in the streets were quite orderly, the police having no need whatsoever to interfere.

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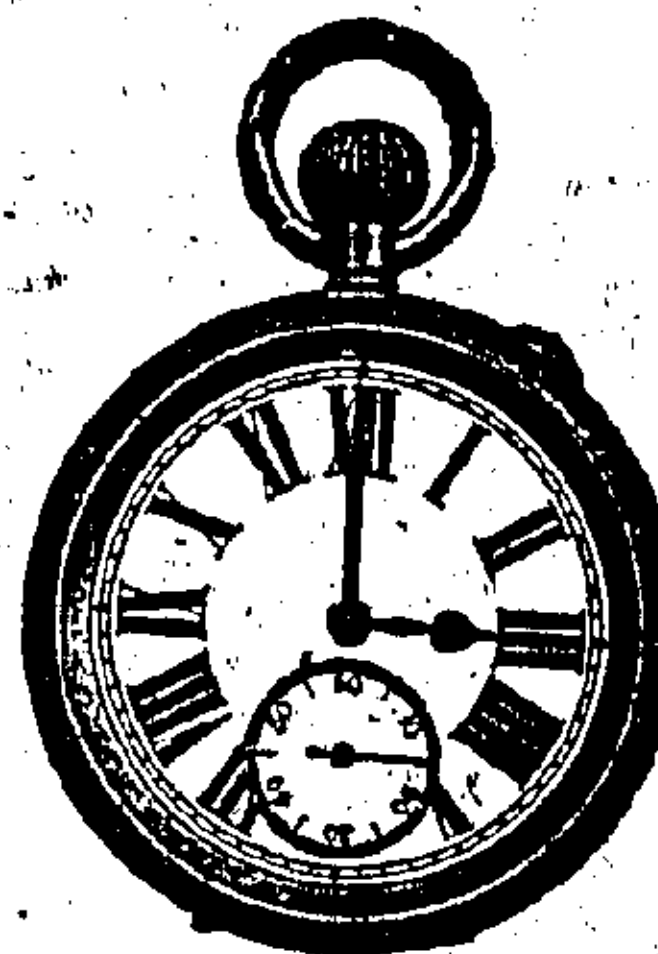
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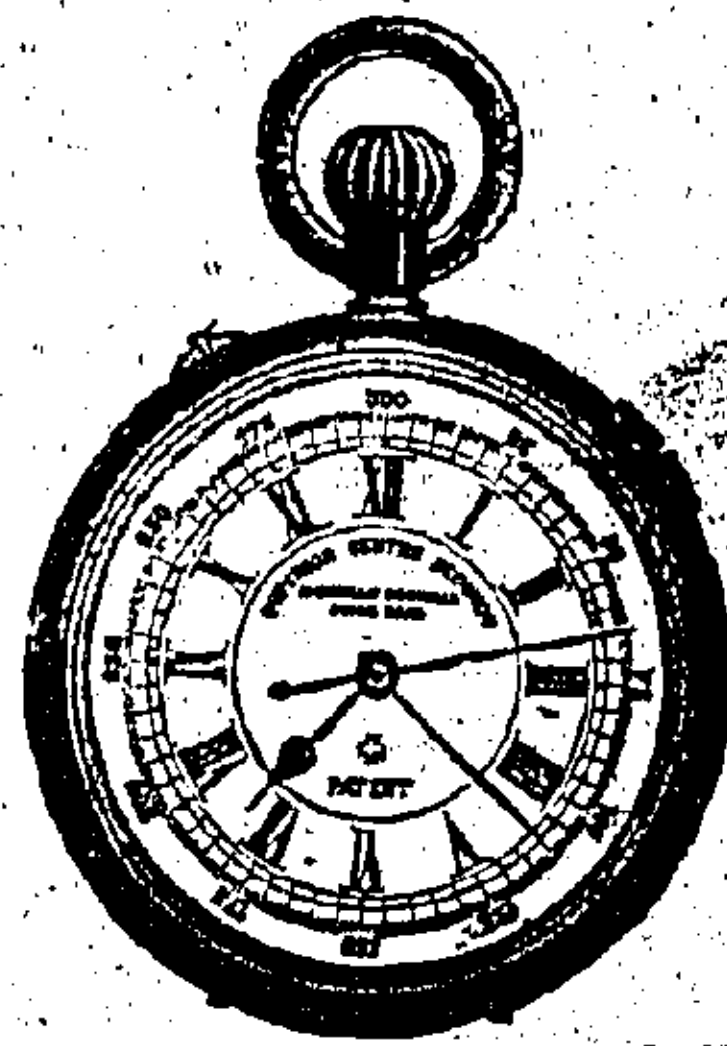
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